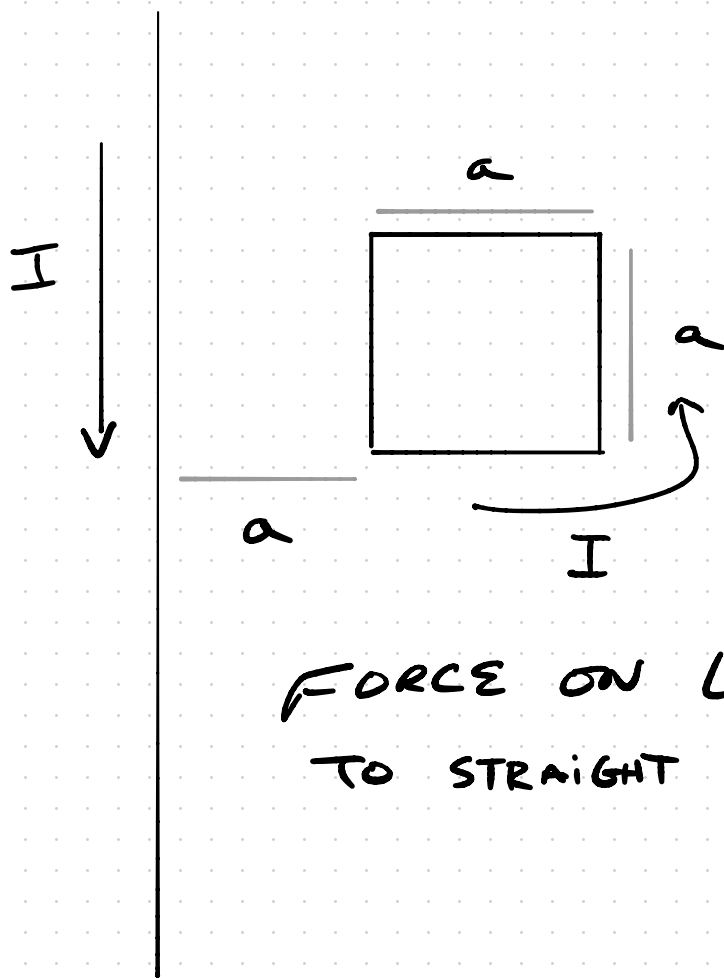


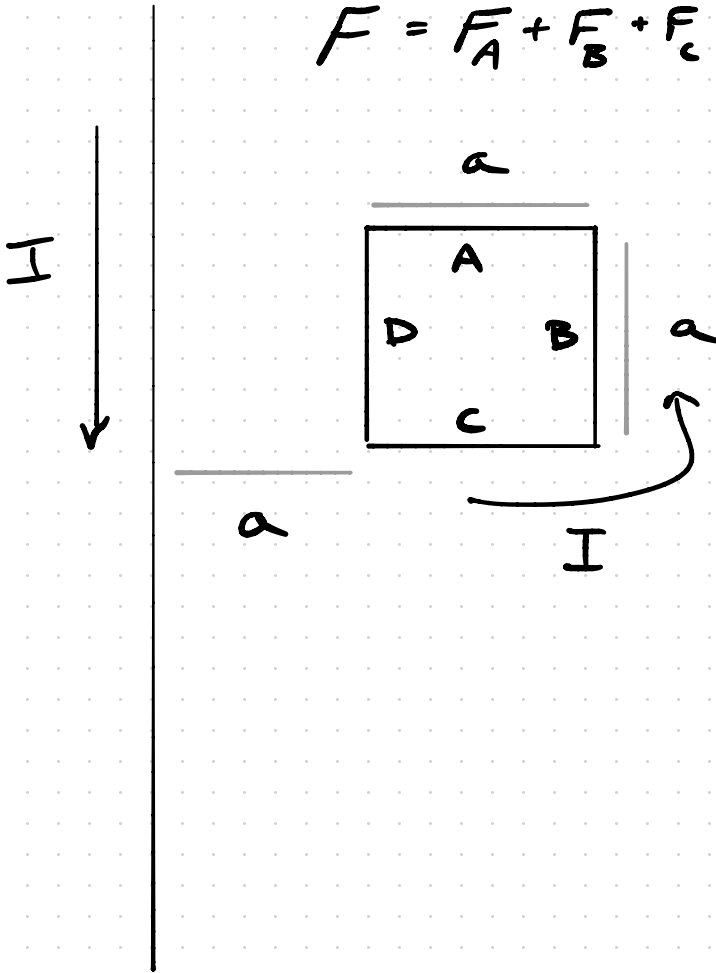
HW#9 Q21 HINT



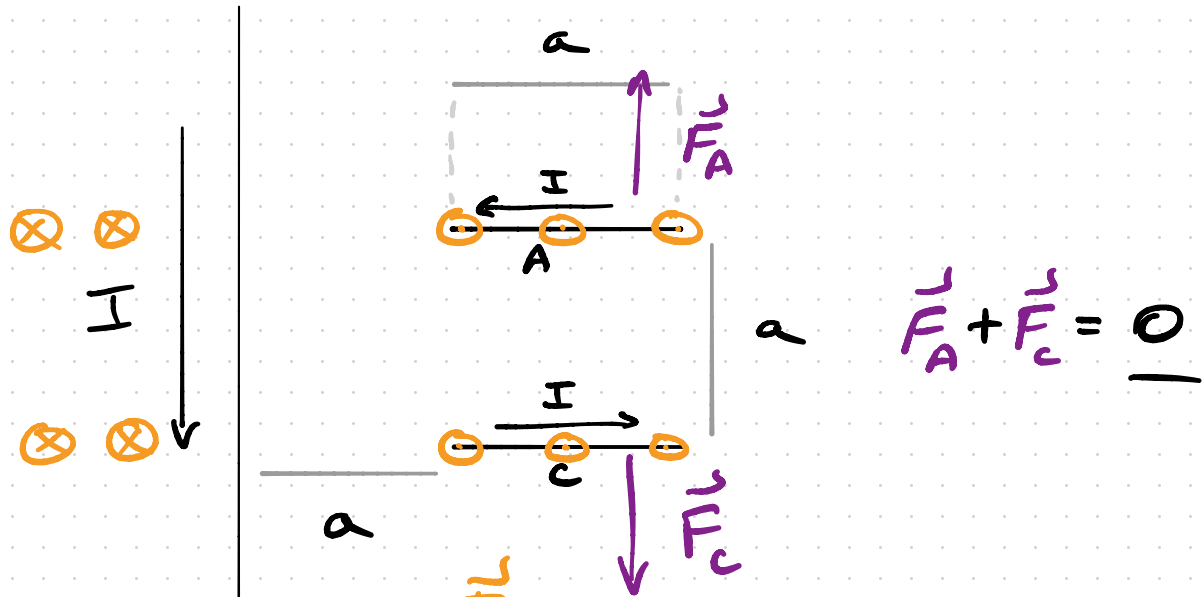
FORCE ON LOOP DUE
TO STRAIGHT WIRE?

• Sum up FORCES
FROM EACH SEGMENT
(A, B, C, D):

$$\vec{F} = \vec{F}_A + \vec{F}_B + \vec{F}_C + \vec{F}_D$$



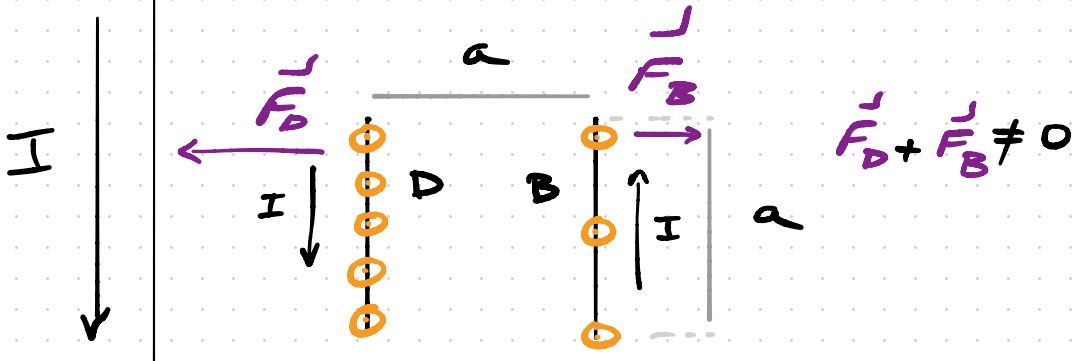
FORCE ON SEGMENTS A + C:



- B FIELD FROM STRAIGHT WIRE SAME AT A + C
- CURRENT @ A + C ARE OPPOSITE.
- FORCES CANCEL.
(RHR #1)

FORCES ON SEGMENTS

B + D:



a

- \vec{B} FIELD @ D
STRONGER THAN
 \vec{B} FIELD @ B

$$\left(B = \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi} \times \frac{I}{r} \right)$$

$$r_D = a$$

$$r_B = a + a = 2a$$

- FORCES DO NOT CANCEL!

IN GENERAL,
FORCE ON WIRE OF LENGTH l
DUE TO \vec{B} FIELD IS:

$$F = I \underline{B} l \sin \theta$$

FOR SEGMENTS B + D :

• $\theta = 90^\circ$ ($\underline{B} \perp \underline{I}$)

• $l = a$

• $\underline{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi} \times \frac{I}{r}$ $\left[\begin{array}{l} B: r \rightarrow \Gamma_B = 2a \\ D: r \rightarrow \Gamma_D = a \end{array} \right.$

$$\rightarrow F_B = I \times \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi} \times \frac{I}{2a} \times a = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} I^2$$

$$\rightarrow F_D = \frac{\mu_0}{2\pi} I^2 = 2 F_B$$

F_D points LEFT

F_B points RIGHT

$$F = F_D - F_B \quad (\text{TO THE LEFT})$$

$$= 2F_B - F_B$$

$$= F_B = \boxed{\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \times I^2}$$